

UMSUG MEASUREMENTS

LIA LABORATORY UNMETERED SUPPLY MEASUREMENTS SCHEME

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LIA LABORATORIES SCHEME FOR THE REGISTRATION OF UNMETERED SUPPLY MEASUREMENT LABORATORIES

1. OBJECT

The main object of the scheme is to provide an assurance of the validity of the power data measured by manufacturers when describing the performance of their products for use in unmetered supply (UMS) applications. A manufacturer participating in this Scheme will be required to undergo a thorough inspection of their laboratory(ies) in order to verify the adequacy of the measurement equipment, documentation and the technical competence of the staff. A manufacturer who meets the requirements will be permitted to make measurements of apparent power and true power for their products at their facility and submit these measurements to the LIA Laboratory in lieu of report preparation for submission to ELEXON. LIA Laboratories will ensure, by regular inspection, that the integrity of the measurements made by a 'Registered Laboratory' is maintained at an appropriately high standard. An up-to-date list of 'Registered Laboratories' will be held by the LIA Laboratory and will be available on request.

Details of the scheme are given in the following sections:

2. SCOPE

- (a) The scheme is not one for the approval of a product. It is confined to Laboratory capabilities and in no way will be concerned with the factory production.
- (b) The verification of the measurement capability of the Laboratory will apply to the testing of all the normal types of products used in unmetered supply applications as defined in "OPERATIONAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT A Guide to Unmetered Supplies under the BSC Version 22.0, 19 August 2020". The competence of the Laboratory to test special purpose products will be considered upon request.
- (c) The sole purpose of the scheme is that under a formal agreement, a manufacturer may be given permission to make measurements of apparent power and true power on products for use in UMS applications only. Such measurement data will then form a submission for generation of a test report by the LIA Laboratory for submission to ELEXON. It is not intended to be a form of certification of individual pieces of data and/or products which are the responsibility of the manufacturer nor is it intended to give a manufacturer accreditation to carry out testing and supply reports to ISO/IEC 17025.
- (d) The scheme will be available to all lighting equipment manufacturers, but only in regard to the use of their measurement capabilities for the products produced by the owner of the 'Registered Laboratory'.
- (e) Subcontracting of UMS measurements for the purpose of this scheme is not permitted.

3. OPERATION OF SCHEME

- (a) On receipt of an application form from a manufacturer, the scope of the 'Registration' will be established in terms of the ranges and types of products for which registration of test facilities is required. On the basis of this information, the manufacturer's Laboratory will be visited and examined in detail in respect of equipment, instruments, operating staff, methods of documentation etc. A number of units for measurement (5 minimum; 3 X high power and 2 X low power) will be brought with the auditor for witness testing at this time. The data obtained will be made freely available to the LIA Laboratory for comparison purposes. On the basis that the manufacturer's Laboratory is satisfactory and that the manufacturer's test data on the products tested is verified by LIA Laboratory, formal permission will be given to the manufacturer to make apparent power and true power measurements for submission to LIA Laboratory, conditional to them accepting the continuing surveillance requirements.
- (b) During the validity of the agreement, LIA Laboratory will make a maximum of two routine visits per annum (in normal circumstances) and reserve the right to make unannounced visits to the 'Registered Laboratory' for the purpose of verifying that the Laboratory and its staff are unchanged since the initial inspection. At the time of such visits, LIA Laboratory will have the right to request for verification test (using reference samples as mentioned above) and to compare data of the test with results by LIA Laboratory.

Where the manufacturer's Laboratory is found not to be maintaining the required standard of competence, additional visits and testing may be necessary and will involve extra charge to the manufacturer concerned.

If the manufacturer's Laboratory is found to be unable to maintain the required standard of competence, the Laboratory will be removed from the register and permission to supply measurement data to LIA Laboratory for report preparation will be withdrawn.

- (c) The LIA Laboratory has drawn up objective levels for the apparatus, staffing and competence considered necessary for the commercial measurement of products for use in UMS applications. The criteria thus arrived at shall be the basis of the 'Registration' of a Laboratory but it is emphasised that the ultimate authority for the operation of the Scheme shall belong to LIA Laboratory.
- (d) A manufacturer entering the scheme is required to send to the LIA Laboratory a copy of the measured data using the template supplied.
- (e) All matters connected with the 'Registration' of an individual manufacturer's Laboratory(ies) remain confidential between that manufacturer and LIA Laboratory.

4. SCHEME REQUIREMENTS

4.1. QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (QMS) REQUIREMENTS

4.1.1. Changes to laboratory

Any relevant changes to laboratory (e.g. new test equipment, change of testing processes) shall be communicated with LIA Laboratory.

4.1.2. Test/Calibration procedures

Testing procedures and pass/fail criteria shall be available to all personnel involved in testing, these procedures shall be written to take account of the requirements of any currently available harmonized standards and/or guidance documents appropriate to the type of testing.

All testing procedures shall be established, reviewed and controlled.

The scheme member shall have and shall apply procedures for estimating uncertainty of measurement.

The scheme member shall establish and maintain procedures to control all documents that form part of its management system (internally generated or from external sources), such as regulations, standards, other normative documents, test and/or calibration methods, as well as drawings, software, specifications, instructions and manuals.

The scheme member shall document its policies, systems, programs, procedures and instructions to the extent necessary to assure the quality of the test results. The system's documentation shall be communicated to, understood by, available to, and implemented by the appropriate personnel.

All documents issued to personnel in the laboratory as part of the management system shall be reviewed and approved for use by authorised personnel prior to issue. A master list or an equivalent document control procedure identifying the current revision status and distribution of documents in the management system shall be established and shall be readily available to preclude the use of invalid and/or obsolete documents.

All documentation shall be uniquely identified, such identification shall include the date of issue and/or revision identification, page numbering, the total number of pages or a mark to signify the end of the document, and the issuing authority(ies).

4.1.3. Procedures for non-conformances

Where equipment and/or testing control/target values are out of specification there must be a procedure for identifying and correcting these deficiencies. The QMS should be adequate enough to be able to detect non conformances quickly enough so that effected data/reports can be guarantined.

4.1.4. Records

Scheme members shall ensure that a suitable control process is in place and all records are legible and shall be stored and retained in such a way that they are readily retrievable and kept in a format that is acceptable to LIA Laboratory for a minimum of 10 years.

All records shall be held secure and in confidence without risk of accidental or intentional unauthorised change. The scheme member shall have procedures to protect and back-up records stored electronically and to prevent unauthorised access to or amendment of these records.

The laboratory shall retain technical records of original test observations, derived data and sufficient information to establish an audit trail, calibration records, staff records and a copy of each test report issued. The records for each test shall contain sufficient information to facilitate, if possible, identification of factors affecting the uncertainty and to enable the test or calibration to be repeated under conditions as close as possible to the original. The records shall include the identity of personnel responsible for the sampling, performance of each test and checking of results. Observations, data and calculations shall be recorded at the time they are made and shall be identifiable to the specific task.

Scheme members are required to maintain a record of each testing request, request review and acceptance for all test work carried out. They shall ensure the requirements, including the methods to be used, are adequately defined, documented and understood before commencing testing.

Such records must provide a cross reference to a unique job number and corresponding report reference.

When mistakes occur in technical records, each mistake shall be crossed out, not erased, made illegible or deleted, and the correct value entered alongside. All such alterations to records shall be signed or initialed by the person making the correction. In the case of records stored electronically, equivalent measures shall be taken to avoid loss or change of original data.

The following records shall be maintained.

- Purchase requisitions
- Inspection/test records
- Copies of documents of conformity from manufacturers/suppliers
- In-house calibration records
- Copies of external calibration certificates
- Operator training
- Corrective and preventative action meeting records
- Audit records
- · Records of any procedure changes
- Customer complaints

4.1.5. Personnel and training

Management shall formulate the goals with respect to the education, training and skills of the laboratory personnel. The scheme member shall have a policy and procedures for identifying training needs and providing training to its personnel.

The scheme member shall establish appropriate training plans and maintain records to show that staff have been satisfactorily trained to undertake the testing activities that they have been assigned. Records must be kept of this training and the effectiveness of the training actions taken shall be evaluated.

The scheme member shall maintain current job descriptions for managerial, technical and key support personnel involved in testing.

4.1.6. Equipment maintenance

The scheme member shall establish an equipment register and all equipment being used shall be uniquely identifiable.

All equipment used to conduct tests shall be appropriate to its intended use, properly maintained. The equipment required shall be established based on the requirements of appropriate current harmonized standards and relevant "Operational Information Document A guide to Unmetered Supplies under the BSC" publications for the type of products the scheme member is intending to measure.

Equipment shall be operated by authorised personnel only. Up-to-date instructions on the use and maintenance of equipment (including any relevant manuals provided by the manufacturer of the equipment) shall be readily available for use by the appropriate laboratory personnel.

Where equipment has been subjected to overloading or mishandling, gives suspect results, or has been shown to be defective or outside specified limits, it shall be taken out of service. It shall be isolated to prevent its use or clearly labelled or marked as being out of service until it has been repaired and shown by calibration or test to perform correctly. The scheme member shall examine the effect of the defect or departure from specified limits on previous tests and shall implement the "Procedures for non-conformances" (see 4.1.3 above).

A record of the maintenance carried out shall be kept.

4.1.7. Equipment calibration

All equipment used to conduct tests shall be appropriate to its intended use, properly calibrated. Whenever practicable, all equipment requiring calibration shall be labelled, coded or otherwise identified to indicate the status of calibration, including the date when last calibrated and the date when recalibration is due.

All equipment used for tests and/or calibrations, including equipment for subsidiary measurements (e.g. for environmental conditions) having a significant effect on the accuracy or validity of the result of the test, calibration or sampling shall be calibrated before being put into service. The scheme member shall have an established programme and procedure for the calibration of its equipment including procedures for the safe handling, transport, storage, use and planned maintenance of measuring equipment to ensure proper functioning in order to prevent contamination or deterioration. A record of the calibration carried out shall be kept.

The scheme member shall establish calibration acceptance criteria for all critical equipment and ensure that a check is performed against said criteria before putting the equipment into service after calibration.

If the calibration is carried out 'in-house' then the references shall be calibrated at an acceptable period against national or international standards by a third party.

Calibration of test equipment shall be carried out when the equipment is suspected of malfunction, or subject to physical or environmental abuse. In any case calibration must be conducted at least once per year.

Records shall be kept of calibration and shall include:

- Reference number and identification
- Date of calibration
- Date of next calibration due
- Traceability of reference standards
- Name or reference of person carrying out the calibration
- Statement of calibration compliance/non-compliance

The current calibration status of test equipment used must be clearly visible to the operator. Use of test equipment outside calibration validity is not permitted.

4.1.8. Internal audits

The scheme member shall periodically, and in accordance with a predetermined schedule and procedure, conduct internal audits of its activities to verify that its operations continue to comply with the requirements of the management system and this scheme.

A schedule of audit activities and key areas shall be established and ongoing assessment of capabilities carried out, the outcome of all internal audits should then be fed back into corrective and preventative actions as well as management reviews.

4.1.9. Customer complaints

The company shall maintain a register of all complaints received on the quality of their test work, which should show the steps they have taken to deal with the problem and their analysis of the causes. These records shall be kept at least for the period between two inspection visits.

4.1.10. Independence and impartiality

The laboratory should be able to demonstrate that it is impartial and that it and its personnel are free from any undue commercial, financial and other pressures which might influence their technical judgement. The laboratory should not engage in any activities that may endanger the trust in its independence of judgement and integrity in relation to its testing activities.

The responsibilities of key personnel in the organisation that have an involvement or influence on the testing activities of the laboratory shall be defined in order to identify potential conflicts of interest. The organisational arrangements should be such that departments having conflicting interests, such as production, commercial marketing or financing do not adversely influence the laboratory's compliance with the requirements of this scheme.

4.1.11. LIA Witness / Comparison testing

The results obtained from the comparison testing of the reference samples, as specified in section 3(a) above, shall meet within ±2% of the LIA Laboratory' reference measurements, where measurements made by the scheme member fall outside this limit LIA Laboratory will consider these on a case by case basis.

The final decision to accept a manufacturer into the scheme shall remain with LIA Laboratory.

Testing shall be conducted at 210/220/230/240/250V~, 50Hz. Condition of testing (voltage, current, power, ambient temperature) shall be recorded and provided to LIA Laboratory.

Values to be compared:

- True power [W],
- Apparent power [VA]
- Power factor;
- Indication if product power factor is leading or lagging.

5. COSTS

The complete costs for the operation of this scheme will be borne by the individual manufacturers.

- (a) Pre-agreement costs will consist of the pre-agreement visit with the associated preparation and report writing and the cost of testing not more than one product (five samples).
- (b) The re-inspection of 'Registered' Laboratories will require senior personnel making visits at intervals of approximately 12 months.
- (c) Review of data and issue of individual test reports.
- (d) In the event that LIA Laboratory receives a complaint regarding one or more products or the results submitted for report production appear questionable, the manufacturer will be required to submit additional samples to the LIA Laboratory for verification purposes with testing charged at the prevailing rate.

If a particular manufacturer does not meet the approval requirements, extra tests and visits may be necessary which will involve an extra charge.

6. CERTIFICATION PERIOD

6.1. CERTIFICATION DURATION AND REASSESSMENT INTERVALS

Following a successful conformity assessment a certificate will be issued. The certification period will run for three (3) years from the date of issue, assuming that on-going assessment confirms that the products and/or systems remain in conformity with the scheme. Prior to the end of the three year period, a review shall be undertaken to determine whether it is appropriate to reissue the certificate and commence a new certification cycle of three years. The purpose of the review is to assess whether:

- Any of the conformity standards, supporting standards or scheme requirements have been updated since the initial assessment.
- Regulatory requirements, appropriate to the product and/or systems have changed.
- The product/service range falling under the scope of certification needs to be increased / decreased.
- The products/services themselves have undergone any significant changes in design, or composition.
- There have been significant changes to laboratory location or facilities.
- There have been any significant changes to laboratory control methods or processes.

The impact of any such changes on the QMS, validity of the initial assessment and certification decision shall be assessed.

Where no significant changes are identified, and on-going conformity is assured, then the certificate will be reissued for a further three years, subject to the ongoing scheme requirements.

Where significant changes which affect the validity and scope of the certification are identified, actions necessary to address these changes will be communicated to the client. The certificate may be suspended, or withdrawn until the issues have been addressed satisfactorily. When actions have been completed satisfactorily to bring the certification up to date, then the certification period will recommence for a further three years.

6.2 CHANGES DURING CERTIFICATION

In addition to the recertification review, it is the responsibility of the client to inform LIA Laboratory of any changes that occur affecting certification as identified in 6.1 within the certification period. The impact of any such changes on the QMS, validity of the initial assessment and hence certification decision shall be assessed.

Where no significant changes are identified, and on-going conformity is assured, then the certificate will remain valid, subject to the ongoing scheme requirements.

Where significant changes are identified, which affect the validity and scope of the certification, and then actions necessary to address these changes will be communicated to the client. The certificate may be suspended, or withdrawn until the issues have been addressed satisfactorily.

7. AUDIT ASSESSMENT

The scheme member shall allow access to premises and participate in audits of the FPC-QMS conducted by LIA Laboratory. Audits may be carried out unannounced.

Surveillance audits will usually be carried out once per year following an initial inspection. It may however be necessary to increase the number of visits following an unsatisfactory outcome of a scheduled assessment.

The scheme member will be provided with an audit report which details any corrective actions required by the member. Such corrective actions must be completed and confirmed in writing to LIA Laboratory within the following timescales on receipt of the report.

Initial Ass	sessment Audit	Surveillance Audit		
Major Non-conformity	Minor Non-conformity	Major Non-conformity	Minor Non-conformity	
3 months	3 months	1 month	2 months	

Verification of the corrective action will normally be carried out during the next surveillance visit. It may, however, be necessary to carry out an unscheduled visit under certain circumstances.

8. THE LIA LABORATORY REGISTER

A list of 'Registered Photometric Laboratories' is kept at the LIA Laboratory situated at Stafford Park 7, Telford, Shropshire. TF3 3BQ. (Tel) +44 (0) 1952 290907 or e-mail at lab@thelia.org.uk from which users can obtain up-to-date information.

The list is also available on website http://www.lialabcert.org.uk/certificates-search under the Scheme TSD-005.

9. MEASUREMENT DATA OF MANUFACTURER'S WITHOUT A LABORATORY

Where a manufacturer without laboratory facilities wishes to measure their products, they can have the measurement made at the LIA Laboratory. Third party measurement data and/or test reports are not covered under this scheme.

10. LIA LABORATORY USE OF DATA

Where the laboratory obtains data from the measurement of "known" light sources it reserves the right to use this data, this may be in the form of comparison tables between equipment or manufacturers. In all cases any data used will be anonymous and individual organisations will remain unidentified.

11. ACCESS TO FACILITIES AND INFORMATION

Where a complaint is received by the LIA Laboratory regarding a product and/or data covered by the scheme, the manufacturer will make available to the LIA Laboratory any information, data, samples and access to facilities, personnel and subcontractors in order to investigate such complaints.

On occasion, where a scheme is covered within the LIA Laboratory' ISO 17065 schedule of accreditation with UKAS, there may be a need to allow third party access to a manufactures' facilities during the assessment process. It should be noted that the manufacturer will be notified of any such requirement, all information obtained during such visits will remain confidential at all times.

12. IMPARTIALITY

The latest copy of the LIA Laboratory' impartiality policy along with the Terms & Conditions of this scheme can be found on https://www.thelia.org.uk/page/Impartiality_Policy

Alternatively a copy can be requested by e-mail at lab@thelia.org.uk.

13. APPLICATION

An application form for this scheme can be downloaded from https://www.thelia.org.uk/page/Lab_Certification_Services

Alternatively a copy can be requested by e-mail at lab@thelia.org.uk.

14. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Details of the evaluation procedures, rules and procedures for granting, for maintaining, for extending or reducing the scope of, for suspending and for withdrawing certification can be requested by email at lab@thelia.org.uk.

7. ANNEX 1 – NORMATIVE STANDARDS

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

BS EN ISO 9001:2015 Quality management systems. Requirements

BS EN ISO/IEC General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration

17025:2017 laboratories

BS EN ISO/IEC Conformity assessment - Requirements for bodies certifying

17065:2012 products, processes and services

Unmetered Supplies OPERATIONAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT - A Guide to

Operational Information Unmetered Supplies under the BSC Version 22.0, 19 August 2020 Document